## CLAIMS

- (withdrawn) An improved process for the production of powders of inhalable medicaments by crystallization from a supersaturated fluid containing said medicament, the improved process comprising passing along a tubular reactor
  - (a) a segmented flow of a supersaturated fluid containing medicament comprised of discrete volumes; or
  - (b) a fluid mixture being separated by discrete volumes of a separating fluid which is substantially immiscible with the supersaturated fluid containing medicament,

and initiating crystallization by application of ultrasound.

- 2. (withdrawn) The process as claimed in claim 1 wherein the segmented flow passes along the tubular reactor as a plug flow.
- 3. (withdrawn) The process as claimed in claim 1 wherein the tubular reactor consists of the following segments:
  - (i) a residence time (t<sub>R</sub>) segment;
  - (ii) an ultrasound time (t<sub>US</sub>) segment; and
  - (iii) optionally an aging time  $(t_A)$  segment.
- 4. (withdrawn) The process as claimed in claim 3 wherein  $t_{US}$  is 1 to 30 s and  $t_A$  is 0.5 to 15 min.

- 5. (withdrawn) The process as claimed in claim 3 wherein  $t_{US}$  is 0.5 to 15 min and  $t_A$  is 0 to 30 s.
- 6. (withdrawn) The process as claimed in claim 1 wherein ultrasound with a frequency of 20 to 60 kHz is applied.
- 7. (withdrawn) The process as claimed in claim 6 wherein the energy density of the ultrasound applied is from 10 to 80 WL<sup>-1</sup>.
- 8. (withdrawn) A micro-reactor for implementing the process according to claim1 comprising a micro-mixer, a segmenter and a tubular reactor, wherein
  - the dimensions of the micro-mixer for dividing the added fluids which are to be mixed is in the range of 10 μm to 1 mm, preferably between
    25 μm to 200 μm,
  - the dimensions of the channels of the segmenter lie in the range of 0.1
    to 5 mm, preferably in the range of between 0.2 mm and 5 mm, and
  - the tubular reactor is configured to be tube-, pipe- or channel-shaped with diameters of the channels in the range of 0.5 to 10 mm, preferably 1 mm to 2 mm, and with a length of between 10 cm and 200 m, preferably between 1 m and 25 m and is equipped with an external ultrasound source.
- 9. (withdrawn) The micro-reactor according to claim 8, wherein the tubular reactor consists of the following segments:
  - (i) a residence time (t<sub>R</sub>) segment;

- (ii) an ultrasound time (t<sub>US</sub>) segment; and
- (iii) optionally an aging time  $(t_A)$  segment.
- 10. (withdrawn) The micro-reactor according to claim 9, wherein the ultrasound time (t<sub>US</sub>) segment is inserted into an ultrasound bath.
- 11. (currently amended) An inhalable medicament with an aerodynamic diameter of less than 20 µm, preferably less than 5 µm and greater than 0.3 µm, characterized in that it is produced by means of a process for the production of powders of inhalable medicaments by crystallization from a supersaturated fluid containing said inhalable medicament, the improved process comprising passing along a tubular reactor
  - (a) a segmented flow of a supersaturated fluid containing medicament comprised of discrete volumes; or
  - (b) a fluid mixture being separated by discrete volumes of a separating fluid which is substantially immiscible with the supersaturated fluid containing medicament,

and initiating crystallization by application of ultrasound according to claim 1.